

Federal Funding and National Suicide Prevention Lifeline Overview

Trina Ita, Associate Commissioner Behavioral Health Services



HR133 and American Rescue Plan Act Funding

HR133 and ARPA MHBG and SABG Funding Plan Award

Combined Total Award \$456,179,876





Budget Period: September 1, 2021 – September 30, 2025 American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA)

^{*}Community Mental Health Block Grant (MHBG)

^{**}Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant (SABG)



HR133 and ARPA Supplemental Block Grant Awards Project Periods





Mental Health Services



HR133 and ARPA MHBG Supplemental Funding Plan



Crisis Services



\$31 million

- Funding for eight crisis response and diversion programs in rural communities
 - ▶ Co-responder teams
 - Law enforcement liaisons
- Expand Crisis Hotline and Mobile Crisis Outreach Team availability across Texas

- 26,997 people served
- · Decrease in persons with mental illness booked into jails
- Increase in mental health and criminal justice system coordination
- Increase in persons diverted into mental health and substance use treatment

Mental Health Services: Housing Initiatives



\$58.3 million

- Funding for housing related initiatives
 - ▶ State Hospital Step-Down to the Community
 - ▶ Texas Housing Support Line
 - Community specific housing projects



- 62,703 people served
- Decrease use of state-funded inpatient psychiatric beds
- Increase referrals to local Continuums of Care and Coordinated Entry
- Obtain affordable permanent housing in the community
- Increase in persons receiving mental health and substance use services

Outpatient Capacity Expansion



\$78.2 million

- Funding to expand outpatient mental health services to address growing demand due to population growth
- Addressed funding disparities and local challenges
- Provides evidence-based treatment services

- 2,841 outpatient slots increase access to ongoing mental health treatment
- Addresses need for additional services related to population growth
- Provides more robust services to persons deemed underserved



Coordinated Specialty Care



\$19.4 million

- Funding for Coordinated Specialty Care programming
 - Additional teams at eight existing providers
 - Expand program to two additional providers in rural communities

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- 910 people served
- Increase in persons obtaining competitive employment
- Decrease in crisis episodes and state-funded psychiatric hospitalizations
- Decrease in criminal justice involvement

Peer and Recovery Support



\$5.2 million

- Funding to expand peer services capacity
 - ▶ Six mental health recovery clubhouses
 - ▶ Eight consumer operated service providers

- 1,856 people served
- Increases workforce capacity through peer specialist training and certification
- Cost effective alternative to emergency room and hospital care
- Improves the crisis response systems by expanding peer supported recovery support services

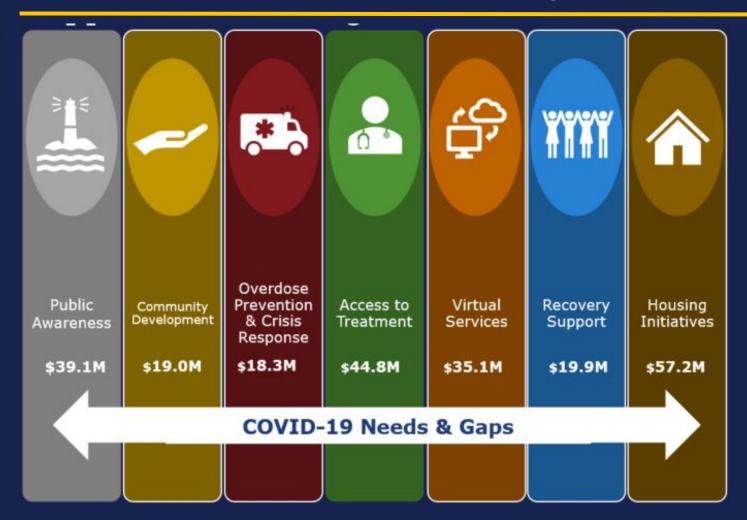




Substance Use Services



HR133 and ARPA SABG Supplemental Funding Plan



Prevention Education and Awareness



\$39.1 million

- Funding for primary prevention and health promotion campaign
 - Focuses public messaging on building connection, resilience, and reducing stigma
- Adds an interactive digital tool to the legislatively directed Opioid Misuse Awareness Campaign that enables self-screening to detect symptoms of a substance use disorder
- Provides prevention services to youth, young adults, and parents.
 - Preventing substance misuse by building resilience, improving behavioral health, and healing trauma
- Identifies Texas' needs and gaps by expanding the largest national annual telephone survey of healthcare risk factors and chronic health conditions
 - ▶ Collects surveillance data on prescription pain medication use, medication disposal practices, and education received

- Reach an estimated 2,533,000 people
- Enable self-directed access to 350,000
- Prevent substance use disease or injury before it occurs
- Intervene in substance use disease progression by increasing pathways to treatment and recovery support
- Increase data availability in areas of high-need that encounter data collection barriers.



Community Development



\$19 million

- Address community conditions contributing to substance use and misuse
 - ▶ Promotes health and wellness to prevent substance use initiation and disease across Texas communities
 - Advances primary prevention infrastructure within tribal communities

- Reach 30,003,450 through the community prevention coalitions (SFY 2023-SFY 2025)
- Reduce substance use initiation
- Prevent substance use related disease and injury
- Equip tribal communities with health promotion tools to reach 300 people

Crisis Response and Overdose Prevention



\$18.3 million

- This strategy seeks to reduce limitations of the following opioid overdose prevention and crisis response programs to address all substance use related disease
 - Integrated substance use and EMS paramedicine programs
 - Overdose prevention drop-in and sobering center services



- Reduce overdose risk for 10,700 people
- Reduce morbidity and mortality associated with substance use
- Increase access points for healthcare amongst hard-toreach populations with high disease severity
- Reduce associated healthcare and criminal justice costs

Access to Treatment



<u>\$44.8 million</u>

- Capacity expansion to meet increased demand for substance use disorder treatment precipitated by the pandemic
 - Medications to treat alcohol and other substance use disorders
 - ► Community-based outpatient treatment (CCBHC)
 - Acute withdrawal management (medically monitored pre-treatment)
 - Residential treatment services

- Treat approximately 24,590 Texans diagnosed with a substance use disorder
- Reduce morbidity and mortality associated with substance use
- Reduce associated healthcare and criminal justice costs

Virtual Services



\$35.1 million

- Meet increased demand for tele-behavioral health services for individuals unable to access services in person due to COVID-19 and/or other barriers
 - Infrastructure building
 - Establishing increased service access points
 - ► Tele-mentoring (ECHO)
 - ▶ Provision of telemedicine and telehealth via a 24-hour substance use disorder clinic
 - Provide tele-behavioral health services for Native Indians in the Alabama Coushatta Tribe of Texas (ACTT) service area.

- Build infrastructure for 15 behavioral health organizations
- Improved competency in virtual service delivery for 4,500 staff of behavioral health organizations
- Provide telehealth, telemedicine, and tele-recovery for 92,000 Texans experiencing barriers to accessing services
- Provide tele-behavioral health services for 200 persons in the ACTT service area



Recovery Support



\$19.9 million

- Expansion of recovery support services to meet increased demand due to the pandemic
 - ► Hospital-based screening, brief intervention, referral to treatment, and recovery support
 - ▶ Offer adjunct services to maintain engagement and facilitate long-term recovery for pregnant women and women with dependent children throughout the substance use continuum of care
 - Peer recovery support services
 - ▶ Training and technical assistance to recovery support organizations

- Increased competency in peer recovery support service delivery to 40 recovery support organizations
- 120,000 recovery resources distributed
- Peer recovery support provided to 25,750 people



Substance Use Services: Housing Initiatives



\$57.2 million

- Expand recovery housing to specialized populations:
 - Emerging adults
 - Women with dependent children
- Comprehensive, integrated treatment and recovery support services for the maternal/infant dyad
- Establishes or continues housing projects to address housing instability and homelessness in Texas

- Recovery housing provided to 568 adults ages 18-25
- Comprehensive neonatal abstinence syndrome treatment services with supportive transitional housing provided to 1,340 women and children
- Stability in recovery and housing while increasing recovery capital and maintaining family preservation
- Reduction in associated child welfare and neonatal intensive care unit costs





National Suicide Prevention Lifeline 988 Planning Grant

What is the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline?



- The National Suicide Prevention Lifeline (Lifeline) is a network of independently funded local and state call centers. It is not one large national call center.
- Lifeline is funded by the federal Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration and administered by Vibrant Emotional Health.
- Lifeline provides 24/7, free, and confidential support for people in distress, suicide prevention and crisis resources, and best practices for professionals.



What happens when someone calls into the Lifeline?



Source: Vibrant Emotional Health

Lifeline in Texas



There are five affiliated Lifeline call centers in Texas:

- The Suicide & Crisis Center (Amarillo)
- The Harris Center (Houston)
- Integral Care (Austin)
- Emergence Health Network (El Paso)
- ICARE Call Center of MHMR Tarrant (Fort Worth)

To be part of the Lifeline network, a crisis center must:

- Be certified, accredited, or licensed by an external body
- Follow specific standards for answering Lifeline calls
- Be willing to participate in Lifeline evaluation activities

988 Planning Grant (1 of 3)

The purpose of this grant is to assist agencies in planning for the implementation of a new, national, three-digit number for mental health crisis and suicide response.

- HHSC was awarded the grant on February 20, 2021
- HHSC Crisis Services Unit will partner with existing Lifeline affiliated call centers: Integral Care, The Harris Center, MHMR of Tarrant County, and Emergence Health Network
- Grant period is February September 2021 and funds total \$180,261.63
- Funds are primarily used towards stipends for the Texas Lifeline call centers and a strategic planning consultant: Texas Suicide Prevention Collaborative





988 Planning Grant (2 of 3)

- Eligible applicants for this grant: State mental health and public health agencies in all 50 U.S. states and the District of Columbia
- Each Lifeline member center must receive a stipend for participation in the grant
- Grant awards were non-competitive



988 Planning Grant (3 of 3)

Goal 1: Develop a clear roadmap to address key coordination, capacity, funding, and communication strategies that are foundational to the launching of 9-8-8 which will occur on or before July 16, 2022.

Goal 2: Plan for the long-term improvement of in-state answer rates of 9-8-8 calls.

- This requires:
 - Ensuring the creation, and monthly convening, of a 9-8-8 key stakeholder coalition workgroup
 - ▶ Development and implementation of strategies to increase the likelihood that the in-state answer rate for Lifeline calls be at least 80% by December, 31, 2021 and 90% by July 2022



Grant Deliverables

| Deliverable | Due Date | Status |
|------------------------------|--|---|
| Landscape Analysis | April 16, 2021 (deadline extended) | Complete |
| Draft Implementation Plan | September 30, 2021 (deadline extended) | Ongoing-template available end of month |
| Final Implementation Plan | January 21, 2022 | Not started |

Stakeholder Coalition Meetings



- Stakeholders include:
 - Persons with lived experience
 - Representatives from each Lifeline center receiving stipends through the grant
 - State suicide prevention coordinators
 - Mobile crisis services providers
 - Providers of crisis respite/stabilization services
 - Law enforcement leaders
 - 9-1-1/Public Safety Answering Points leaders
 - Peer support service providers
 - Major state/local mental health and suicide prevention advocacy groups





Questions?



Thank you

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